

Rebuilding Ukraine through private investment: Economic background, investment climate and reform proposals

by Garry Poluschkin, German Economic Team



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Rebuilding Ukraine: new opportunities through digital transformation



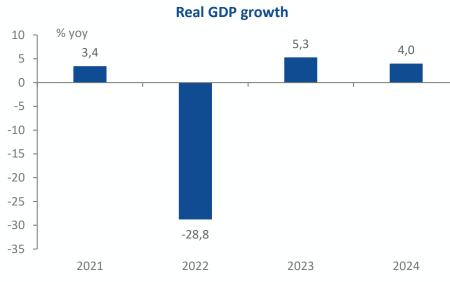


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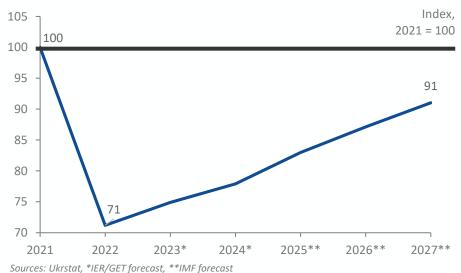
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1. Economic background (1/2)



Sources: Ukrstat, *IER/GET forecast

Medium-term forecast vs. pre-war level



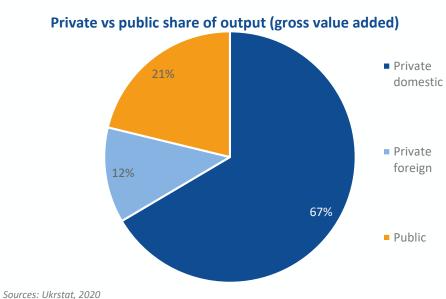
2023

Moderate growth in 2023 after massive decline in 2022

2024

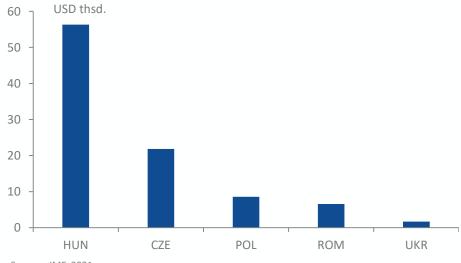
- Economy will continue to grow moderately in 2024 (4.0%)
- Domestic demand on the rise, but severely restricted by lack of liquidity and high migration
- » New sea corridor supports export development
- Damages to energy infrastructure limit growth
- No recovery to pre-war level, even in the longer term
- Large uncertainty due to the war

1. Economic background (2/2)



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FDI per capita: Comparison with peers

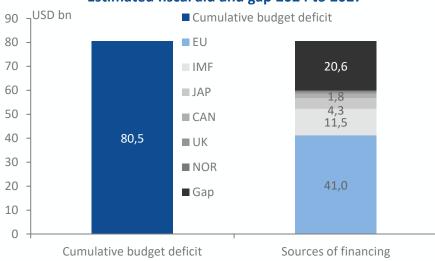


- » Before the full-scale war, Ukraine's economy was dominated by private sector business activities
- » However, domestic rather than foreign
- Economic literature: FDI contributes to economic productivity gains lifting the growth trajectory.
- FDI per capita: 13X larger in CZE, 33X in HUN, 5X in POL than in UKR in 2021
- » FDI cornerstone for modernising Ukraine's economy (e.g. Becker et al. 2022)
- FDI attractiveness thereby depends on critical factors in UKR
 - Aid and security against war risks
 - Investment climate reforms
 - EU accession and rule of law

Sources: IMF, 2021

2.1. Public aid and guarantees

Estimated fiscal aid and gap 2024 to 2027



Sources: IMF Mar-24, Ministry of Finance of Ukraine Apr-24

Selected guarantee instruments for Ukraine

Instrument	Party	Status, volume
UKR Facility Pillar II by the EU	Financing in UKR: SMEs and green transformation → Economic risks	In preparation, volume: EUR 7.8 bn
World Bank MIGA	Guarantees for FDI and trade finance → Political incl. war risks	Guaranteed volume: EUR 0.14 bn from Feb-22
Federal Investment guarantees	Guarantees for GER FDI → Political incl. war risks	Guaranteed volume: EUR 55 m 2023
UKR Concept for insuring investment	Any investment in UKR, esp. domestic one → War damage risks	In preparation

- Note that is a security against external risks → aid and guarantees
- Financial aid to keep the state budget afloat
 - EU facility, IMF programme, bilateral support
 - But: gap of USD 21 bn without US
- Investment guarantees
 - While usually the insurance scheme is closed for new applications if (war) risks materialise, GER and partners have kept it explicitly open/established for UKR
 - Economic risks: UKR facility pillar II by the EU of EUR 7.8 bn
 - War risks: GER Federal investment guarantees:
 - 22 approved in 2023 (1st place)
 - Volume 2023: EUR 55 million (5th)
 - UKR is preparing a domestic instrument

2.2. Investment climate reforms (1/2)

- » Joint work by the German Economic Team and German Ukrainian Chamber of Commerce (AHK Ukraine)
- » Bottom-up methodology
 - Elaboration of structured questionnaire for each working group of the Chamber
 - Working groups provide a set of policy recommendations
 - Review and verification of these recommendations to ensure their alignment with a broader reform trajectory as well as Ukraine's existing contractual obligations
- Incorporate smaller reforms that can be conducted during war
- Preparation of 30 policy proposals
- Out of them, generation of a "Top 10" priority list of "quick wins"
 - Directly linked to recovery/reconstruction
 - 2. Removing unnecessary bureaucratic and administrative burdens to reduce transaction costs
 - 3. Easy-to-implement measures towards creating a level, competitive playing field not discriminating against new, foreign or private companies

2.2. Investment climate reforms (2/2)





Law and human resources

Tax and accounting

Horizontal policy area



Banking and financial services



Energy and green transition



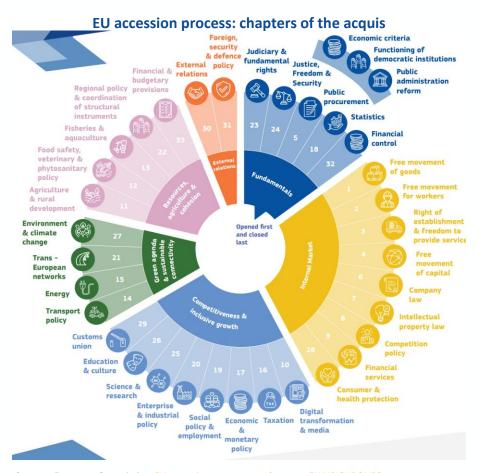
Construction and energy efficiency

Vertical (sectoral) policy area

Others: Agri-food and IT

In total: 30 proposals

2.3. EU accession and the rule of law



Sources: European Commission, EU accession process step by step - EU NEIGHBOURS east

EU accession

- EU accession was strong anchor for FDI attraction in POL, HUN, CZE as investors anticipated the economic integration into the single market
- Integration of Instrument for Pre-Accession with EU best practise
- Oradual harmonisation with the EU acquis

Rule of law

- Improvements since 2013,
- Level of rule of law preparedness for EU accession (Emerson & Blockmans, 2023 Link):
 - Similar to GEO, BIH, SRB,
 - Better than MDA, KOS
 - Worse than MNE, NMK, ALB
- Membership negotiations are opened and closed with "fundamentals" → rule of law

3. Conclusion and outlook

- Investment attraction is very challenging during the war
- Public commitment by direct aid and guarantees are decisive for private investment
- » Ukraine's reform progress is evenly decisive
- To generate quick benefits for investment in Ukraine, the top 10 reform proposals should be implemented with highest priority
- » Reforms towards EU accession and the rule of law will go hand in hand
 - Accession and integration into Single Market with ca. 450 m consumers
 - Experience of POL, HUN, CZE illustrate that even anticipation of future membership is FDI driver
 - Reforms in the area of the rule of law are necessary condition for membership
- » Improved business and investment climate will bring Ukraine on a higher economic growth path

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About the German Economic Team

Financed by the Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Climate Action the German Economic Team (GET) advises the governments of Ukraine Belarus* Moldova Kosovo Armenia Georgia and Uzbekistan on economic policy matters. Berlin Economics has been commissioned with the implementation of the consultancy.

*Advisory activities in Belarus are currently suspended.

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Annex

Top 10 "Quick Wins"

Category 1	Category 2	Category 3
Construction: Defining a unified "Build Back Better" framework	Tax: Adjusting the threshold per counterpart in the transfer pricing (TP) report	Financial: Recognition and enforceability of ISDA master agreements for cash-settled commodity markets
Construction: Updating modular shelter construction standards	Tax: Providing SAF-t files to tax authorities	Financial: Access to financing under 5-7-9 loan subsidy programme
	Legal: Waiving work permit requirement for foreign directors	Energy: Prolongation of contracts validity concerning grid connection and technical requirements for the connection of renewable energy objects to the grid
	Legal: Reducing HR documentation	Energy: Recognition and enforceability of EFET master agreements on physical trade in power and gas

Source: GET, 2024, Link, own illustration

